

Scrub Typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test Kit (Serum/Plasma/Whole blood)

YOUR PARTNER IN PRECISION MEDICINE

OBL/ST/RPT 049

The Scrub typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of IgG and IgM antibodies to *Orientia tsutsugamushi (Scrub typhus)* in human serum/plasma/whole blood specimens.

For In-Vitro Diagnostic Use only

ORDER INFORMATION

Pack Size	REF
01 Test	PSTP 01
05 Tests	PSTP 05
10 Tests	PSTP 10
25 Tests	PSTP 25
50 Tests	PSTP 50

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Scrub typhus (ST) is an infectious disease that is caused by Orientia tsutsugamushi (formerly Rickettsia), a tiny parasite about the size of bacteria that belongs to the family Rickettsiaceae. A bite from the larval trombiculid mite, a parasite of rodents, will transmit the disease¹. An ulcer of the skin is characteristic of a bite from a trombiculid mite, followed by symptoms including fever, a spotted rash on the torso, and swelling of the lymph glands. After the onset of symptoms, the IgM antibody titers increased gradually over 2–3 weeks, peaked at about 4 weeks, and started to decrease rapidly between 4 and 5 weeks. Over the first 2 weeks, IgG antibody titers increases sharply, peaked at about 4 weeks and decreased rather gradually thereafter ³

Scrub typhus generally occurs after exposure to areas with secondary (Scrub) vegetation, which is where its name is derived from. However, the disease can also be prevalent in sandy, mountainous, and tropical areas. Scrub Typhus is a worldwide illness, but particular to South East Asia and the Western Pacific. It accounts for approximately 20% of fever in some regions in South East Asia, where it is endemic². Illness lasts for a period of 10 to 12 days after the initial bite. With therapy, the fever will break within 36 hours, but if left untreated, complications or death may occur

PRINCIPLE

Scrub typhus IgG/IgM Rapid Test is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The strip test components consist of: 1) a colored conjugate pad containing recombinant Orientia tsutsugamushi antigens conjugated with colloidal gold (antigen conjugates) and a control antibody conjugated with colloidal gold, and 2) a nitrocellulose membrane strip containing IgG line (IgG line), IgM line (IgM Line) and a control line (C line). The IgG line is pre-coated with Anti-human IgG antibodies, The IgM line is Pre-coated with Anti-human IgM antibodies and the C line is pre-coated with a control line antibody. During the assay, when an adequate volume of test specimen is dispensed into the specimen well (S) of the test cassette and a sample diluent is added to the buffer well (B), the specimen migrates by capillary action across the strip held in the cassette. Specific antibody IgG of Orientia tsutsugamushi, if present in the specimen will bind to the recombinant Orientia tsutsugamushi antigen colloidal gold conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated Anti-human IgG antibodies, forming a colored IgG band, indicating a Scrub typhus IgG antibody positive test result. Alternatively, IgM if present in the specimen will bind to the recombinant Orientia tsutsugamushi antigen colloidal gold conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated Anti-human IgM antibodies, forming a colored IgM band, indicating a Scrub typhus IgM positive test result. The test contains an internal control (C line), which should exhibit a colored line of the immunocomplex of the control antibodies regardless of color development on the test lines. If the C line does not develop, the test result is invalid and the specimen must be retested with another device.

KIT COMPONENTS

• Test Cassettes • Droppers • Buffer • Package Insert

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

• Specimen Collection Containers • Centrifuge (For plasma only) • Timer

PRECAUTIONS

- For professional in vitro diagnostic use only. Do not use after the expiration date.
- Wear protective gloves while handling specimens wash thoroughly afterwards.
- The device is sensitive to humidity as well as heat. Therefore, take out the device from seal pouch before test.
- 4. Do not mix reagents from different lot.
- Dispose all the samples and kits properly as per the instruction after test in accordance in GLP.
- 6. Follow the testing procedure exactly as mention in the insert.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit can be stored at room temperature or refrigerated (2-30°C).
 The test device must remain in the sealed pouch until use. DO NOT FREEZE
- 2. Do not use beyond the expiration date.
- 3. Do not use the test kit, if the pouch is damaged or seal is broken.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION & PREPARATION

The Scrub typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test Cassette (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) can be performed using whole blood, serum and plasma specimen.

- Serum (S): Collect the whole blood into a collection tube (NOT containing anticoagulants such as heparin, EDTA, and sodium citrate) by vein puncture, leave to settle for 30 minutes for blood coagulation and then centrifuge blood to get serum specimen of supernatant.
- Plasma (P): Collect the whole blood into a collection tube (containing anticoagulants such as EDTA K2, Heparin sodium, Citrate sodium and Oxalate potassium) by vein puncture and then centrifuge blood to get plasma specimen.
- Whole Blood (WB): Both Fingerstick Whole Blood and Venipuncture Whole Blood can be used.

To collect Fingerstick Whole Blood specimens:

- Wash the patient's hand with soap and warm water or clean with an alcohol swab. Allow to dry.
- Massage the hand without touching the puncture site by rubbing down the hand towards the fingertip of the middle or ring finger.
- Puncture the skin with a sterile lancet. Wipe away the first sign of blood. Gently rub the hand from wrist to palm to finger to form a rounded drop of blood over the puncture site.
- Add the Fingerstick Whole Blood specimen to the sample well of the test cassette by using a sample dropper. Avoid air bubbles.
- Testing should be performed immediately after specimen collection. Do not leave the specimens at room temperature for prolonged periods. Whole blood collected by venipuncture should be stored at 2-8°C if the test is to be run within 2 days of collection. For long term storage, specimens should be kept below -20°C. Whole blood collected by fingerstick should be tested immediately.
- Bring specimens to room temperature prior to testing. Frozen specimens must be completely thawed and mixed well prior to testing. Specimens should not be frozen and thawed repeatedly.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Allow the test device, specimen and/or buffer to equilibrate at room temperature (15-30°C) before testing.

- Bring the pouch to room temperature before opening it. Remove the test cassette from the sealed pouch and use it within 1 hour.
- 2. Place the cassette on a clean and level surface.
- For Serum or Plasma specimen: Place the cassette on a clean and level surface. For Serum or Plasma specimen: Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 1 drop of serum or plasma (30-35)



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- $\mu L)$ to the specimen well, then add 1 drop of buffer (approximately 40 $\mu L)$ and start the timer
- 4. For Venipuncture Whole Blood specimen: Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 drops of whole blood (40-50 μ L) to the specimen well, then add 1 drops of buffer (approximately 40 μ L) and start the timer
- For Fingerstick Whole Blood specimen: Hold the dropper vertically and transfer 2 drops of whole blood (40-50μL) to the specimen well, then add 1 drops of buffer (approximately 40 μL) and start the timer

Wait for the colored line(s) to appear. Read results at 15 minutes. **Note**: Do not interpret the result after 20 minutes.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

 IgG POSITIVE: Two distinct red lines appear. The control line (c) and IgG (G) line are visible on the test cassette. This indicates the presence of IgG anti-Tsutsugamushi in specimen. The result is positive



2) IgM POSITIVE: Two distinct red lines appear. The control line (c) and IgM (M) line are visible on the test cassette. This indicates the presence of IgM anti-Tsutsugamushi in specimen. The result is positive



3) IgG/IgM POSITIVE: IgG and IgM Positive The control line (C), IgM (M) and IgG line (G) are visible on the test device. This is positive for both IgM and IgG antibodies to Tsutsugamushi



4) NEGATIVE: One distinct red line appears. The control line (c) is the only line visible on the test cassette. No IgM/IgG antibodies were detected. The result does not exclude Tsutsugamushi infection.



5) INVALID: Control line fails to appear. The test results are INVALID, if no control line (C) is visible, regardless of the presence or absence of line in the IgM(M)/IgG(G) region of the cassette. Repeat the test using a new cassette.



Quality Control

Internal procedural controls are included in the test individually. A colored line appearing in control line region (C) is the internal procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique. Control standards are not supplied with this kit; however, it is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

Limitations of the Test

- The test procedure, precautions and interpretation of results for this test must be followed when testing.
- The Scrub typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test (Whole Blood/Serum/Plasma) is for in vitro diagnostic use only. This test should be used for detection of antibodies for *Orientia* tsutsugamushi in whole blood, serum or plasma specimens. Neither the quantitative value nor the rate of increase in the concentration of *Orientia tsutsugamushi* can be determined by this qualitative test.
- 3. A negative result can occur if the quantity of the anti- Orientia tsutsugamushi antibodies present in the specimen is below the detection limits of the assay or the antibodies that are detected are not present during the stage of disease. Other clinically available tests are required. As with all diagnostic tests, a definitive clinical diagnosis should not be based on the results of a single test, but should only be made by the physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.

Performance characteristics

A total of 273 specimens were collected (including susceptible subjects) and tested by Scrub Typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test and a commercial Scrub Typhus IgG/IgM Ab Rapid Test as reference. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table.

	Clinical performance for IgM Test		
IgM Rapid Test	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive	26	0	26
Negative	2	223	225
Total	28	223	251

	Clinical perf	Clinical performance for IgG Test		
IgG EIA	Positive	Negative	Total	
Positive	22	0	22	
Negative	2	223	225	
Total	23	224	247	

IgM Relative Sensitivity: 100%, IgG Relative Sensitivity: 100%, Relative Specificity: 99.11%, Overall Agreement: 98.9%

BIBLIOGRAPHY

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GLOSSARY OF SYMBOL

OLOGOAK! OF OTHIDOL				
Ţ i	Consult Instruction for Use			
REF	Catalog Number			
	Store between			
	Manufacturer			
豢	Keep away from sunlight			



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